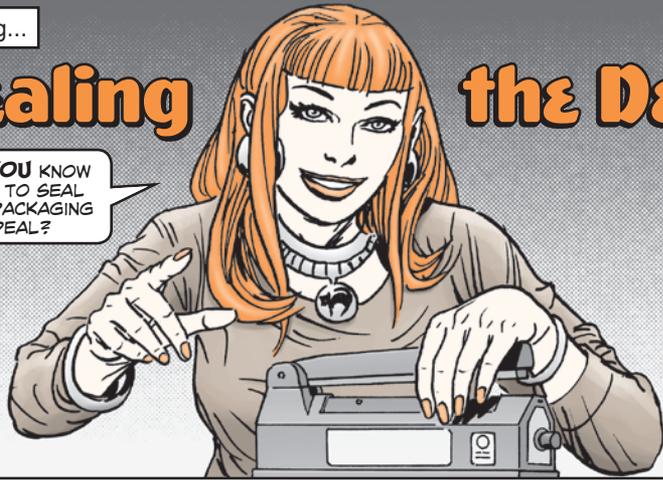


Sealing the Deal

DO YOU KNOW HOW TO SEAL THE PACKAGING DEAL?



SEALING IS AN IMPORTANT STEP IN MANY MILITARY PACKAGING PROCESSES.

SEALED BAGS BETTER PROTECT ITEMS DURING SHIPMENT.



YOUR GOAL IS TO CLOSE HEAT-SEALABLE BAGS WITH SEALS THAT ARE AS STRONG AS THE BARRIER MATERIALS IN THE BAGS THEMSELVES.

HEAT-SEALABLE BARRIER MATERIALS ARE USUALLY CONSTRUCTED OF LAYERS OF DIFFERENT MATERIALS THAT ARE LAMINATED TOGETHER TO FORM A SHEET.

THE THREE LAYERS ARE:

- Heat-sealable face
- Impervious ply
- Backing ply

HEAT-SEALABLE BARRIER MATERIALS PROTECT ITEMS FROM LIQUIDS (WATERPROOF), WATER VAPORS (WATERVAPORPROOF), GREASE (GREASEPROOF) AND ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ELECTROSTATIC-FREE).

PRESERVATION MATERIAL SHOULD ALSO BE STAMPED WITH A MILITARY SPECIFICATION; FOR EXAMPLE, MIL-PRF-121G. THIS SPEC CONTAINS IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR MAKING THE BEST SEAL, SUCH AS TEMPERATURE, PRESSURE AND DWELL TIME.

Temperature

"USE WITH THIS SIDE OUT" RECOMMENDED HEATSEALING JAW TYPE - 500°F @ 30 PSI 3 SEC. BAND TYPE - 375°F @ 20 PSI 100 FPM ROTARY TYPE - 375°F @ 40 PSI 100 FPM

Dwell time

MIL-PRF-121G TYPE II LUDLOW COATED POLY KRAFT LOT NUMBER 14636

Pressure

THESE ARE THE CRITICAL ELEMENTS FOR CREATING A GOOD BAG SEAL.

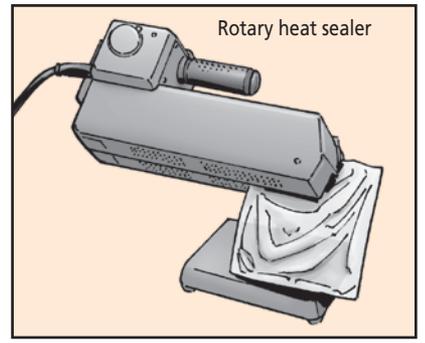
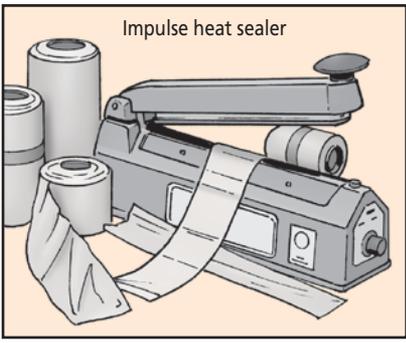
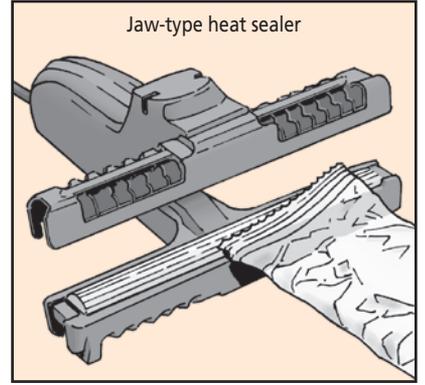
Find recommended temperature, dwell time and pressure recommendations for heat seals on material

Secrets to a Good Seal

THE THREE BASIC REQUIREMENTS FOR SEALS ARE THAT THEY:

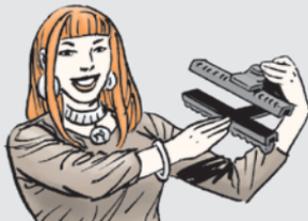
- do not leak.
- have the same waterproof, watervaporproof or greaseproof properties as the barrier materials themselves.
- pass a strength test.

BEFORE YOU HEAT SEAL MATERIAL, YOU NEED TO DECIDE WHAT KIND OF HEAT SEALER IS NEEDED. THERE ARE THREE MAIN TYPES: JAW, IMPULSE, AND ROTARY. SOME HEAT SEALERS WORK IN BOTH HANDHELD AND TABLETOP CONFIGURATIONS.



DWELL TIME AND TEMPERATURE ARE ADJUSTABLE ON MOST HEAT SEALERS...

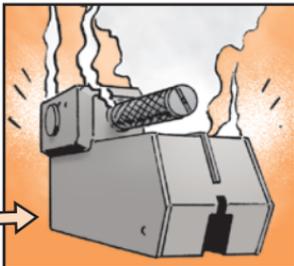
...AND, IF YOU'RE USING A JAW-TYPE HEAT SEALER, YOU CAN ALSO ADJUST THE PRESSURE.



HEAT SEALERS ARE SOLD FOR BOTH "SUPPORTED" AND "NON-SUPPORTED" HEAT-SEALABLE PACKAGING MATERIALS.

WHICHEVER HEAT SEALER YOU CHOOSE, IT SHOULD BE EASY TO USE AND LIGHTWEIGHT. THAT LETS YOU EASILY INSERT ANY HEAT-SEALABLE MATERIAL INTO THE SLOT ON THE BOTTOM EDGE OF THE MACHINE.

GET COMFORTABLE WITH YOUR PRESERVATION MATERIAL AND HEAT SEALER BY TRYING A **SAMPLE HEAT SEALING** FIRST WITH THE TEMPERATURE SET ABOUT 100 DEGREES LOWER THAN THE MATERIAL REQUIRES.

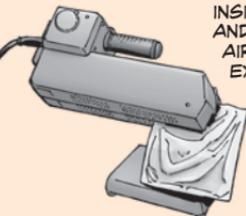


IF THE TEST SEAL **DOESN'T** PULL APART AND HAS NO BUBBLES, THEN YOU'RE OK TO PROCEED.

THAT WAY YOU'LL **AVOID** BURNING THE MATERIAL AND GUMMING UP THE HEAT SEALER.

IF **NOT**, GRADUALLY INCREASE THE TEMPERATURE UNTIL YOU GET A GOOD SEAL.

IF YOU'RE USING A **ROTARY TYPE HEAT SEALER**, YOU'LL NEED TO GUIDE THE MATERIAL THROUGH THE MACHINE.



INSIDE THE MACHINE, THE MATERIAL IS HEATED AND THEN COMPRESSED, CREATING A SECURE, AIRTIGHT SEAL. THE SEALED MATERIAL THEN EXITS THE OPPOSITE END OF THE MACHINE.

TEST THE SEAL BY PULLING GENTLY AT THE SEAMS. IF FURTHER SEAL TESTING IS NEEDED, REFER TO MIL-STD-3010C, **TEST PROCEDURES FOR PACKAGING MATERIALS AND CONTAINERS.**

TO KEEP YOUR HEAT SEALER IN **OPTIMAL** CONDITION, REMEMBER THAT IT NEEDS PMCS, TOO. FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED CLEANING SCHEDULE.



YOU CAN FIND THE PUBLICATIONS REFERENCED IN THIS ARTICLE AT: <http://quicksearch.dla.mil/qsSearch.aspx>

THE **QUICKEST** WAY TO FIND A PUB IS TO ENTER ANY NUMBERS FROM ITS TITLE (FOR EXAMPLE, MIL-STD-129 IS '129') INTO THE DOCUMENT NUMBER SEARCH BOX AND THEN PRESS THE **SUBMIT** BUTTON.

FOR MORE PACKAGING TIPS, DOWNLOAD LOGSAP 746-1, **PACKAGING-THE BASICS**. GO TO: https://www.logsa.army.mil/documents/LOGSAP_746-1.pdf

IF YOU HAVE ANY **FURTHER** QUESTIONS ON HEAT SEALING OR PACKAGING PRACTICES, CONTACT THE LOGISTICS SUPPORT ACTIVITY'S PACKAGING, STORAGE AND CONTAINERIZATION CENTER (PSCC) AT DSN 795-7105, (570) 615-7105, OR EMAIL: usarmy.tyad.usamc.mbx.pt@mail.mil

