

# CUTTING CORRUSSION



CONNIE,  
WE COULD  
REALLY USE A  
HAND HERE!



I'M SENDING  
THE CORROSION  
IDENTITIES NOW.

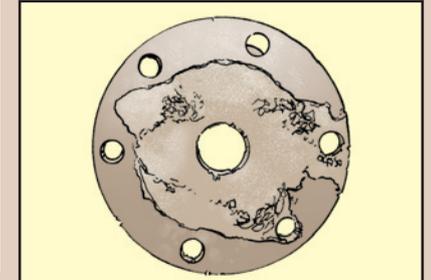


GOOD! NOW  
WE'LL KNOW WHAT  
WE'RE FIGHTING!

# 9 Types of Corrosion

## UNIFORM (or general attack):

Affects a large area of exposed metal surface, like rust on steel or tarnish on silver. It gradually reduces the thickness of the metal until it fails.

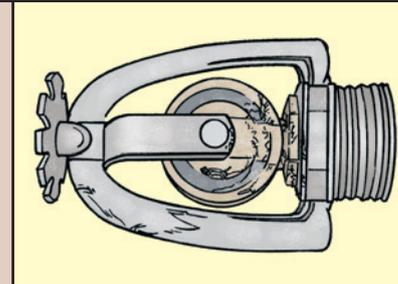


## CREVICE:

Occurs in crevices created by rubber seals, gaskets, bolt heads, lap joints, dirt or other surface deposits. It will develop anywhere moisture or other corrosive agents are trapped and unable to drain or evaporate.

## SELECTIVE LEACHING:

One element, usually the anodic element of an alloy, corrodes away, leaving the cathodic element. This can create holes in metal.



## INTERGRANULAR:

Metal deterioration caused by corrosion of the bonds between or across the grain boundaries of a metal. The metal will appear to be peeling off in sheets, flaking, or being pushed apart by layers. A particular type of intergranular corrosion is exfoliation.

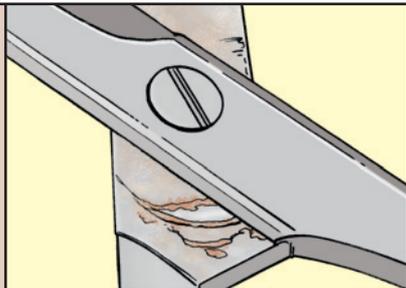
## PITTING:

This can result from conditions similar to those for crevice corrosion. Pits can develop on various materials due to their composition. Rifle bores are big victims of pitting.



## EROSION:

Results when a moving fluid (or gas) flows across a metal, particularly when solid particles are present in the fluid. Corrosion actually occurs on the surface of the metal, but the moving fluid washes away the corrosion and exposes a new metal surface, which also corrodes.

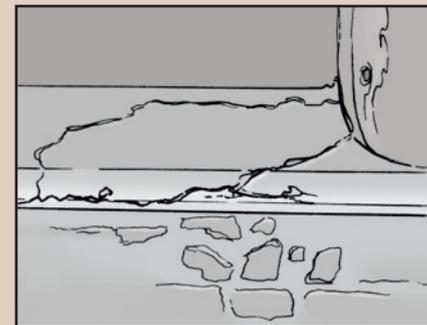


## GALVANIC:

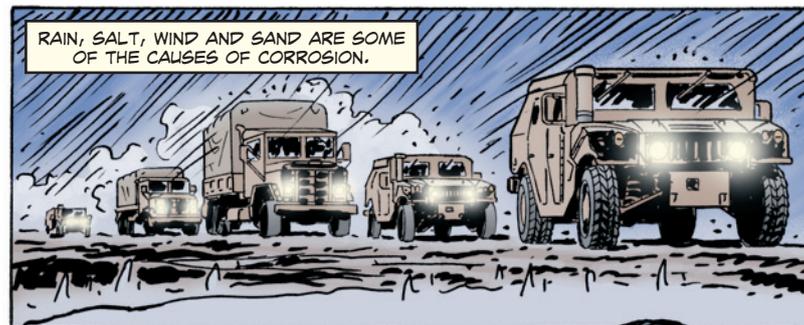
Occurs when two different kinds of metal come in contact with each other, like steel bolts on aluminum, for example. This is a common problem on aircraft because of their mix of metals.

## STRESS:

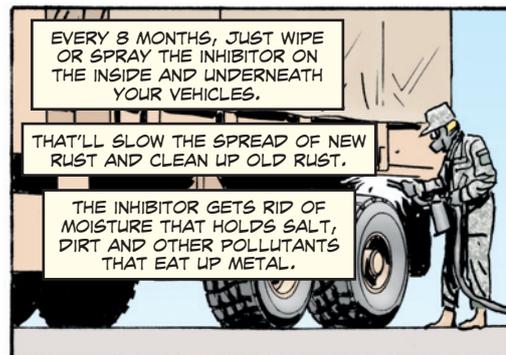
Term used to describe corrosion cracking and corrosion fatigue.



# Reach for Rust Inhibitor



BUT YOU CAN CURB THEIR EFFECTS AND LOWER REPAIR COSTS BY USING **RUST INHIBITOR**, ALSO KNOWN AS CORROSION PREVENTIVE COMPOUND.



RUST INHIBITOR IS PETROLEUM-BASED AND CONTAINS NO HAZARDOUS MATERIAL.

BUT THE HEADSHEP STILL RECOMMENDS THAT YOU WEAR A RESPIRATOR, GOGGLES AND GLOVES WHEN APPLYING IT BECAUSE OF POSSIBLE IRRITATION TO YOUR RESPIRATORY TRACT OR SKIN.

ORDER THE AMOUNT OF INHIBITOR YOU NEED...

Quantity	NSN 8030-01-414-
16-oz bottles (12)	7423
5-gal container	8947

AS A RULE OF THUMB, IT TAKES ABOUT 2 GALLONS TO TREAT A HMMVV...

...AND UP TO 3 GALLONS FOR A 2 1/2-TON OR 5-TON TRUCK.

AND RUST INHIBITOR WON'T HARM PAINTED SURFACES, PLASTICS, RUBBER, GLASS OR WIRING, BUT IT'LL MAKE THEM SHINE FOR A WEEK OR TWO.

AS YOU CAN SEE, THAT **RUINS** YOUR CAMOUFLAGE, SO KEEP IT OFF THE PAINT ON THE OUTSIDE OF YOUR EQUIPMENT.

# Counteract Corrosion

HERE ARE A FEW OTHER THINGS YOU CAN DO TO CUT BACK ON YOUR EQUIPMENT'S CORROSION...

- Paint or lube unprotected surfaces. Unprotected surfaces can corrode.
- Keep your equipment clean.
- Lube like the lube orders prescribe to prevent rust and premature replacement of pins and assemblies.

CLEAN YOUR WEAPON'S BARREL AFTER FIRING.

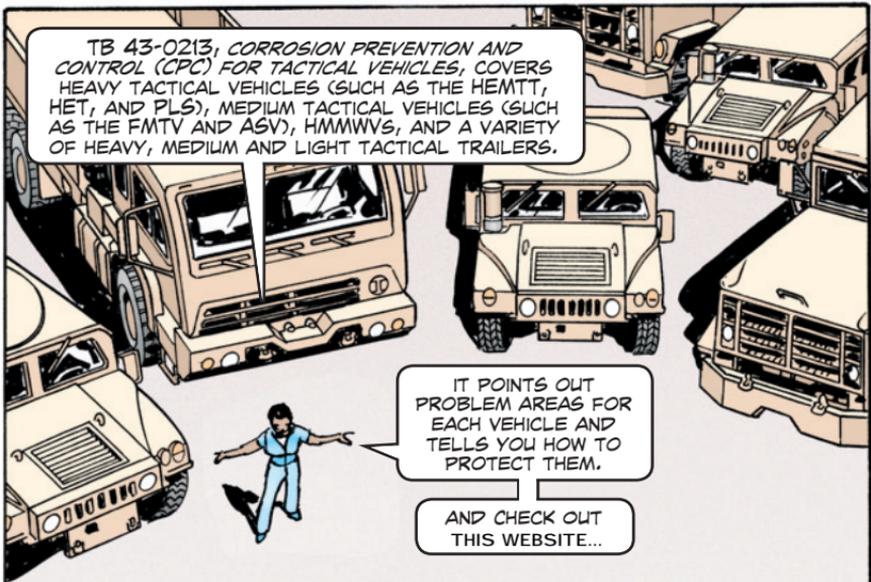
KEEP DRAIN HOLES UNCLOGGED. THAT WAY, WATER HAS LESS OF A CHANCE TO COLLECT AND CAUSE RUST.

A CORROSION FIGHTER MUST ACTIVELY SEEK OUT THOSE AREAS WHERE WATER CAN BE TRAPPED AND GET RID OF IT!

COATINGS SUCH AS PAINT, GREASE, PRESERVATIVES, OIL, ETC., PROVIDE THE BEST LINES OF DEFENSE AGAINST CORROSION.

AN UNPROTECTED SURFACE NEEDS TO BE REPAINTED OR RECOATED ASAP!

# Helpful Pubs



TB 43-0213, CORROSION PREVENTION AND CONTROL (CPC) FOR TACTICAL VEHICLES, COVERS HEAVY TACTICAL VEHICLES (SUCH AS THE HEMTT, HET, AND PLS), MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLES (SUCH AS THE FMTV AND ASV), HMMWVs, AND A VARIETY OF HEAVY, MEDIUM AND LIGHT TACTICAL TRAILERS.



IT POINTS OUT PROBLEM AREAS FOR EACH VEHICLE AND TELLS YOU HOW TO PROTECT THEM.

AND CHECK OUT THIS WEBSITE...

DoD Corrosion: <https://www.corrdefense.org/>



EYEBALL A COPY ON LOGSA'S ETM ONLINE WEBSITE:

<https://www.logsa.army.mil/etms/online.cfm>



YOU MAY ALSO WANT TO CHECK OUT AR 750-59, ARMY CORROSION PREVENTION AND CONTROL PROGRAM.