

PowerLOGJ 2 Release 7

Administrator's User Guide

USAMC Logistics Support Activity

Redstone Arsenal, AL

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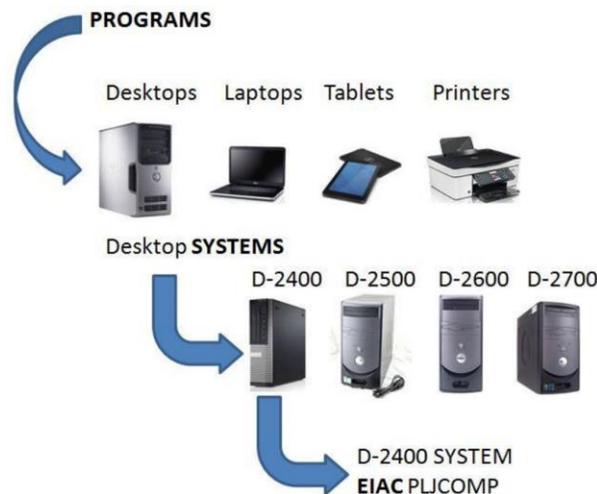
1.0 Definitions

Program

A program can be thought of as the highest level of organization for an instance of PowerLOGJ. One example is a program called "PM Helicopters." Under that program, the user can create, or maintain, multiple systems that are a part of the PM Helicopters Office. Now, a program executive officer or program manager can build a hierarchy, or structure, of their data within PowerLOGJ 2, along with individual permissions for each program and system. By default, PowerLOGJ 2 will create a "Default Program" with one default system.

System

A system is an individual instance, or bucket, of LSAR data. This is the equivalent of multiple databases set-up in PowerLOG-J 1. In PowerLOGJ 2, the user can create many instances, or "buckets," of the LSAR database in a single installation. Each system can be setup with permissions to allow only certain users to access certain functionality or data. This allows a single user to have full access to one system; perhaps read-only access to another system; and even no access to another system. All of it can be customized. Single-user desktop users can now keep several data sets separate without installing the application multiple times. An example is illustrated in the picture below with the program "Desktops" containing multiple systems configurations. By default, PowerLOGJ 2 will create a "Default System."



User

A User is a person that will be using the PowerLOGJ 2 software. A user can execute features and be granted certain "table permissions." PowerLOGJ 2 has the ability to have an unlimited number of users. By default, PowerLOGJ 2 creates an administrator named "admin" with a default password as "admin". In order for a user to access data or perform any features within the software, the user must be assigned to a group or have their own features and permissions set up.

Group

A Group is a collection of users. Each group can be assigned multiple features, table permissions, and users.

Feature

A Feature is an activity that a user and/or group have the right to perform or execute. A feature could be running a report, importing/exporting data, or creating a PowerLOGJ 2 baseline. Features can be assigned per user or per group. If the user is a group member, the user will have, at minimum, all the operations of that group. Additional operations can be added; however, features granted to that user by another group cannot be removed. The software will ensure that this requirement is processed.

Feature	Menu	Description
Super User	N/A	Performs all features in PowerLOGJ
Administrator	N/A	Manages groups and users
Audit – PowerLOGJ	Utility	Validates MIL-STD-1388-2B business rules
Audit – LPDS	Utility	Validates to ensure data compatible with LPDS
Audit – Provisioning	Utility	Validates provisioning business rules
Exporter – GEIA-STD-0007	Exporters	Exports a file formatted in GEIA-STD-0007 (Full and Change-only)
Exporter – MIL-STD-1388-2B	Exporters	Exports a file formatted in MIL-STD-1388-2B (Full and Change-only)
Importer – CSV	Importers	Imports a spreadsheet formatted as a Common-Separated Value (CSV)
Importer GEIA-STD-0007	Importers	Imports a file formatted as a GEIA-STD-0007 (Full and Change-only)
Importer – LSA 036	Importers	Imports a file formatted as a LSA 036 (Provisioning Technical Documentation)
Importer – 1388 2B	Importers	Imports a file formatted as a MIL-STD-1388-2B (Full and Change-only)
Importer – PowerLogJ1	Importers	Imports a file formatted as a PowerLogJ1
Report – LSAR 001	Reports	Generates a LSAR 001 Annual Man-hours by Skill Specialty Code and Level of Maintenance Report
Report – LSAR 004	Reports	Generates a LSAR 004 Maintenance Allocation Chart
Report – LSAR 006	Reports	Generates a LSAR 006 Critical Maintenance Task Summary Report
Report – LSAR 007	Reports	Generates a LSAR 007 Support Equipment Requirements Report
Report – LSAR 008	Reports	Generates a LSAR 008 Support Items Validation Summary Report
Report – LSAR 009	Reports	Generates a LSAR 009 Support Items Validation Report
Report – LSAR 010	Reports	Generates a LSAR 010 Parts Standardization Summary Report
Report – LSAR 019	Reports	Generates a LSAR 019 Task Analysis Summary Report
Report – LSAR 020	Reports	Generates a LSAR 020 Task Narrative Report
Report – LSAR 023	Reports	Generates a LSAR 023 Maintenance Plan Summary Report
Report – LSAR 024	Reports	Generates a LSAR 024 Maintenance Plan Report
Report – LSAR 025	Reports	Generates a LSAR 025 Packaging Reqs. Data Report
Report – LSAR 026	Reports	Generates a LSAR 026 Packaging Dev. Data Report
Report – LSAR 030	Reports	Generates a LSAR 030 Repair Parts and Special Tools List Report
Report – LSAR 032	Reports	Generates a LSAR 032 Defense Logistics Services Center (DLSC) Submittals Provisioning Screening Report
Report – LSAR 033	Reports	Generates a LSAR 033 Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services Report
Report – LSAR 036	Reports	Generates a LSAR 036 Provisioning Technical Documentation Report

Report – LSAR 036 Live Run	Reports	Generates a LSAR 036 Provisioning Technical Documentation Report (Live Run)
Report – LSAR 040	Reports	Generates a LSAR 040 Authorization Lists Item Summary Report
Report – LSAR 050	Reports	Generates a LSAR 050 Reliability Centered Maintenance Summary Report
Report – LSAR 056	Reports	Generates a LSAR 056 Failure Modes, Effects and Criticality Analysis Report
Report – LSAR 058	Reports	Generates a LSAR 058 Reliability and Maintainability Analysis Report
Report – LSAR 065	Reports	Generates a LSAR 065 Manpower Requirements Criteria (MARC) Report
Report – LSAR 068	Reports	Generates a LSAR 068 ask Code to SMR Code Verification Report
Report – LSAR 070	Reports	Generates a LSAR 070 Support Equipment Recommendation Data (SERD) Report
Report – LSAR 071	Reports	Generates a LSAR 071 Support Equipment Candidate List Report
Report – LSAR 072	Reports	Generates a LSAR 072 Test, Measurement, and Diagnostic Equipment (TMDE) Requirements Report
Report – LSAR 075	Reports	Generates a LSAR 075 Consolidated Manpower, Personnel And Training Report
Report – LSAR 076	Reports	Generates a LSAR 076 Calibration and Measurement Requirement Summary (CMRS) Report
Report – LSAR 078	Reports	Generates a LSAR 078 Hazardous Material Report
Report – LSAR 080	Reports	Generates a LSAR 080 Bill of Materials (BoM) Report
Report – LSAR 085	Reports	Generates a LSAR 085 Transportability Summary Report
Report – LSAR 126	Reports	Generates a LSAR 126 LCN/PCCN Indenture Structure Tree Report
Report – LSAR 151	Reports	Generates a LSAR 151 Provisioning Parts List Index Report
Report – LSAR 152	Reports	Generates a LSAR 152 PLISN Assignment/Reassignment Report
Report – LSAR 155	Reports	Generates a LSAR 155 Recommended Spare Parts List Report
Utility – Calculation Utility	Utility	Allows you to run several different types of calculations
Utility – Multi Record Editor	Utility	Allows you to edit multiple rows of data for a single table at one time
Utility – Pre-Made Database Alterations/ Queries	Utility	Provides a simple way to make common updates to multiple records at a single time
Utility – PLISN Utilities	Utility	Provides a simple way to make common updates and edits to multiple records

Table Permissions

Table Permissions are the ability to select, update, insert, and/or delete a specific column in a table in the underlying database. Table Permissions can range from one to all elements per table. If a user/group is granted permissions to update, insert, or delete the element, the select permission must be enabled. For certain tables, if field permission is selected, other field permissions will be required for the software to function properly. In this case, the software will either inform the user or correct the problem automatically. As with features, if the user is a group member, the user will have, at minimum, all the field permissions that the group possesses. Additional field permissions can be added; however, field permissions granted to that user by a group cannot be removed.

2.0 Basic Execution

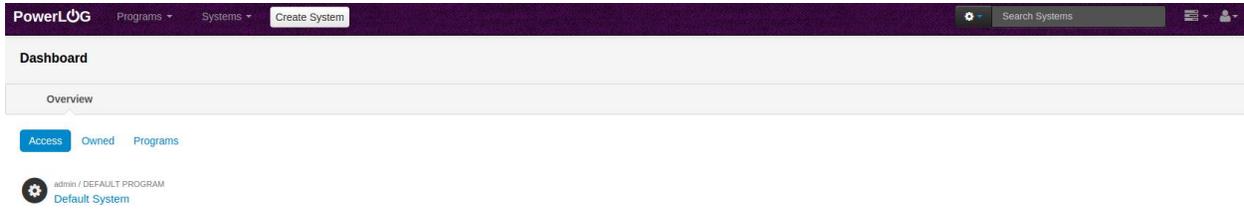
This section will describe the basic execution of the software.

2.1 Logging In

Using a web browser, navigate to the PowerLOGJ 2 web app. The address should be provided by the individuals who set up the system. Login to PowerLOGJ 2, as shown below, using the default admin user created during the initial configuration of the PowerLOGJ system.



If the login was successful, the Dashboard page will be displayed, as shown below. The Dashboard lists the systems that you have access to, the systems that a user owns/created, and the programs that a user owns/created.

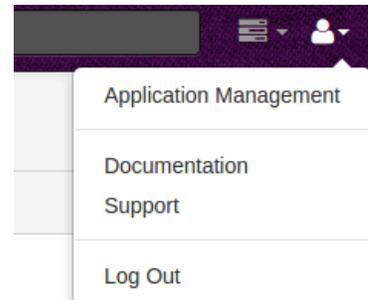


PowerLOG

To return to the Dashboard at any time, click on the upper left-hand "PowerLOG" button, as shown, located on the PowerLOG tool bar.

2.2 Logging Out

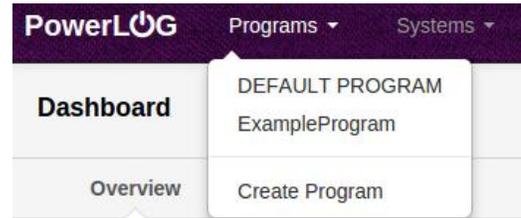
To exit PowerLOGJ 2, click the "Person" icon located on the PowerLOG tool bar in the upper right-hand corner of the browser, as shown. Select "Log Out" from the drop down menu, as shown. Or, you can log out of the browser. However, if that option is selected, the user will not be disconnected from the database.



3.0 Programs

3.1 Create Programs

To create a Program in PowerLOGJ 2, click “Program” on the PowerLOG tool bar to open a drop down menu. Select “Create Program,” as shown.



Once you have selected “Create Program,” the Create Program page will be displayed. It is designed such that the required input fields will be outlined in red, as shown below.

Input the desired program name and a short description of the program. For this example, we have used the name “ExampleProgram” and the description “Example Program,” as shown in the example below. Click “Create” in the upper right-hand corner.

Once you have clicked “Create,” the Program Overview page will be displayed, as shown. This page displays information about the program you just created, such as the description you input.

Owner: First Last (admin@admin.com)

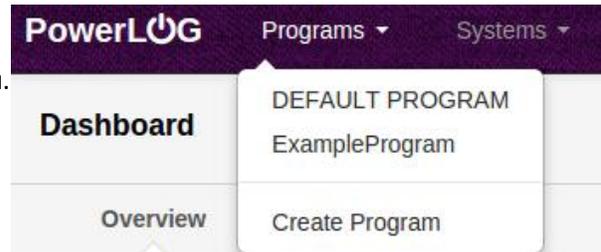
This is an example of how to set up a program in PowerLOG.

Systems

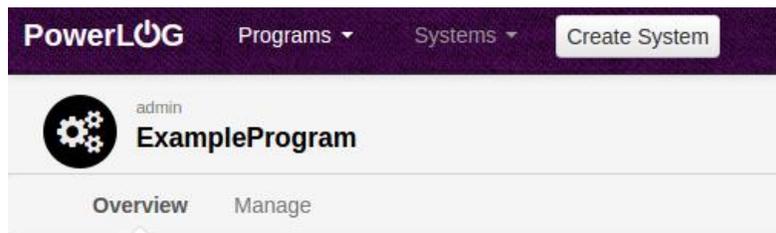
No systems

3.2 Delete Program

To delete a program in PowerLOGJ 2, click “Program” on the PowerLOG tool bar to open a drop down menu. Click on the program you wish to delete. For this example, we will delete the program we just created in Section 3.1 named “ExampleProgram,” as shown.



Once you have clicked on the desired program, the Program Overview page will be displayed. In the upper-left hand corner, click “Manage” to open the Program Manager page, as shown below.

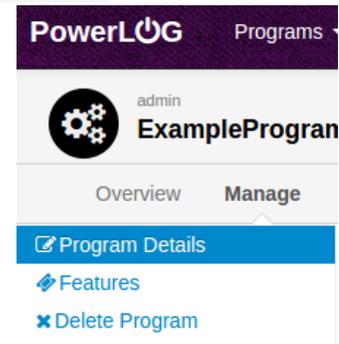


Owner: First Last (admin@admin.com)

This is an example of how to set up a program in PowerLOG.

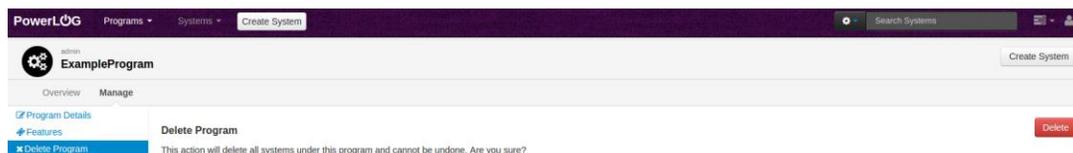
Systems

No systems



Next, click “Delete Program” from the links on the left-hand side of the Program Manager page, as shown, to open the Delete Program page.

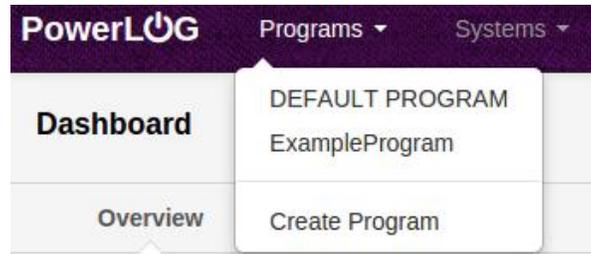
Click “Delete,” as shown below, if you are sure you wish to delete the program. Once you have clicked “Delete,” this action cannot be undone and you will be directed back to the Dashboard.



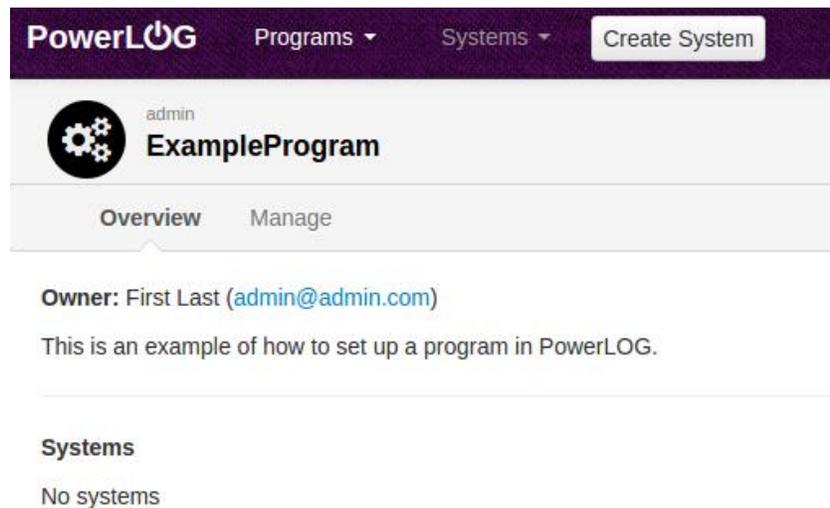
3.3 Manage Program

3.3.1 System Details

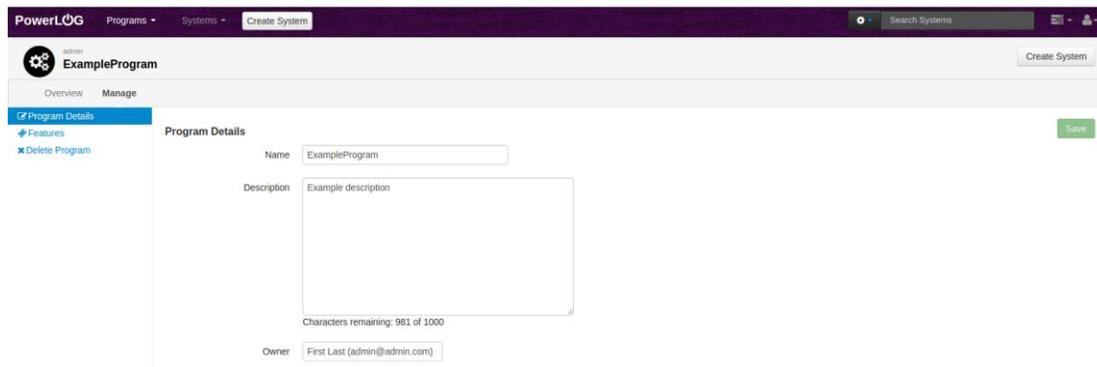
To manage a program in PowerLOGJ 2, click “Program” on the PowerLOG tool bar to open a drop down menu. Click on the program you wish to manage. For this example, we will manage the program we created in Section 3.1 named “ExampleProgram,” as shown below.



Once you have clicked on the desired program, the Program Overview page will be displayed. In the upper-left hand corner, click “Manage,” as shown below.



Once you have clicked “Manage,” the Program Details page will be displayed. From here you can edit the program name, the program description, and input an owner in the Owner input field. Additionally, within the Owner input field, you can input the owner's email in the parenthesis, as shown below.

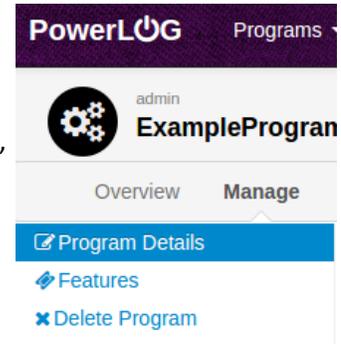


Once you have made any desired changes, click “Save” in the upper right-hand corner.

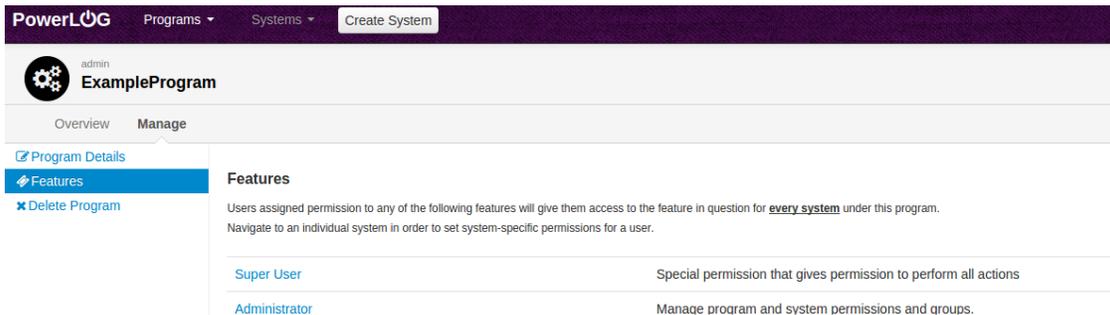
3.3.2 Program Features

Features can be assigned to users under the program, under a specific system, or under a specific group within the system. To assign features to a user for a program, continue reading. To assign features to a user for a specific system, see Section 4.3.2. To assign features to a group within the system, see Section 4.3.2 of Section 6.0 for an alternate method.

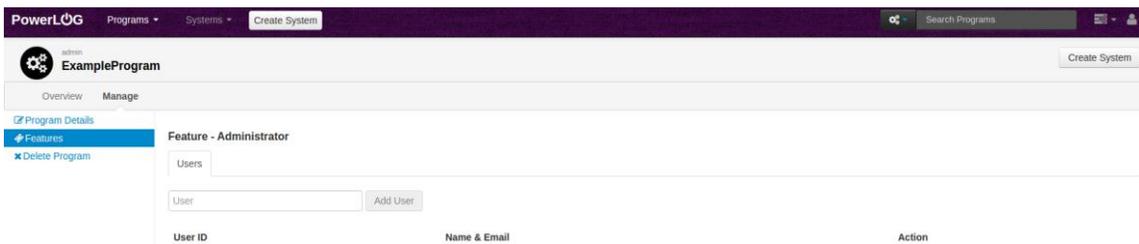
To assign features to a user, click on “Features” on the Program Details page, as shown.



Once you have clicked “Features,” the Program Features page will be displayed, as shown below.



From here you can give users specific features for the program you are managing. For this example, we will give “Administrator” features to the user “admin.” Thus, our “admin” user will have “Administrator” features for all systems within this program. To do this, click on “Administrator” from the features list to open the Feature-Administrator page, as shown below.



Feature - Administrator

Users

admin|

First Last (admin@admin.com)

Add User

Once you have opened the Feature-Administrator page, type “admin” in the user text field. Click “admin” when it populates, as shown. Then click “Add User.”

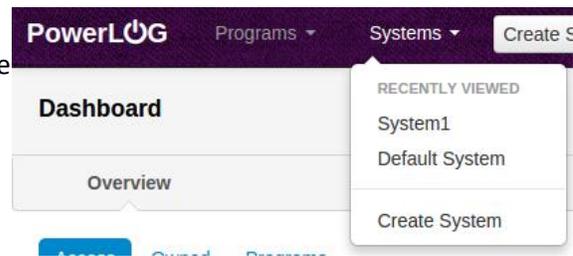
Repeat this process to give more users this feature. Once you are finished giving users this feature, click “Features” from the left-hand side to return to the Program Features page. From here, you can choose to repeat the aforementioned process with a different feature to give users that feature.

To revoke a user's features, select the desired feature you wish to revoke. For this example, we will remove the user “admin” from the feature “Administrator,” as shown below. Click “Remove” out beside the desired user. Next, click “Are you sure?” if you are sure you want to remove the user. If you do not want to remove the user, click elsewhere on the screen.

4.0 Systems

4.1 Create System

To create a system in PowerLOGJ 2, click “System” on the PowerLOG tool bar to open a drop down menu. Select “Create System” as shown.



Once you have clicked “Create System,” the Create System page will be displayed. Click the arrow in the Program input field to open a drop down menu. Select the program that you wish to create the system for. For this example, we will create a system for the program “ExampleProgram,” as shown below.

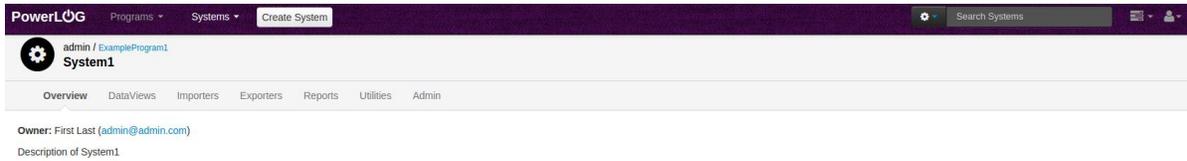
 A screenshot of the 'Create System' page in PowerLOGJ. The page title is 'Create System' and it has 'Create' and 'Cancel' buttons. The 'Program' dropdown menu is open, showing 'DEFAULT PROGRAM' and 'ExampleProgram1'. The 'Name' field contains 'ExampleProgram1' and the 'Description' field is empty. Red boxes outline the 'Name' and 'Description' fields.

Once you have selected the desired program, fill in the Name and Description input fields outlined in red, as shown below. For this example, we will create the system “System1” and give the description

 A screenshot of the 'Create System' page in PowerLOGJ. The 'Program' dropdown menu is now set to 'ExampleProgram1'. The 'Name' field contains 'System1' and the 'Description' field contains 'Description of System1'. A blue box outlines the 'Description' field.

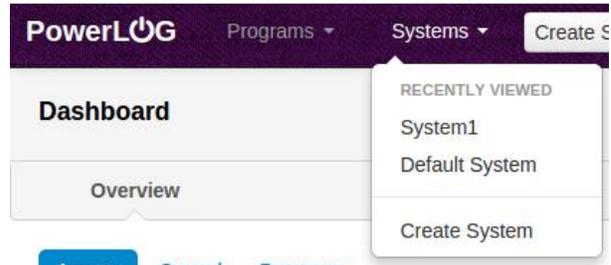
“Description of System1”. Click “Create” in the upper right-hand corner.

Once you have clicked “Create,” the System Overview page will be displayed, as shown below.

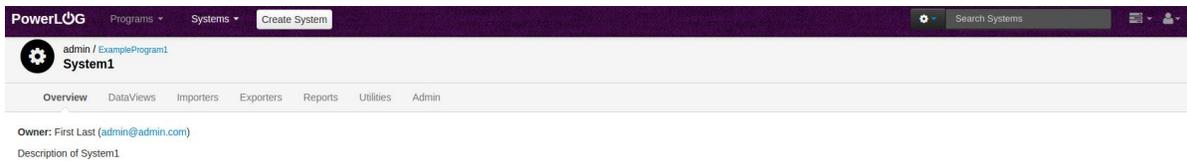


4.2 Delete System

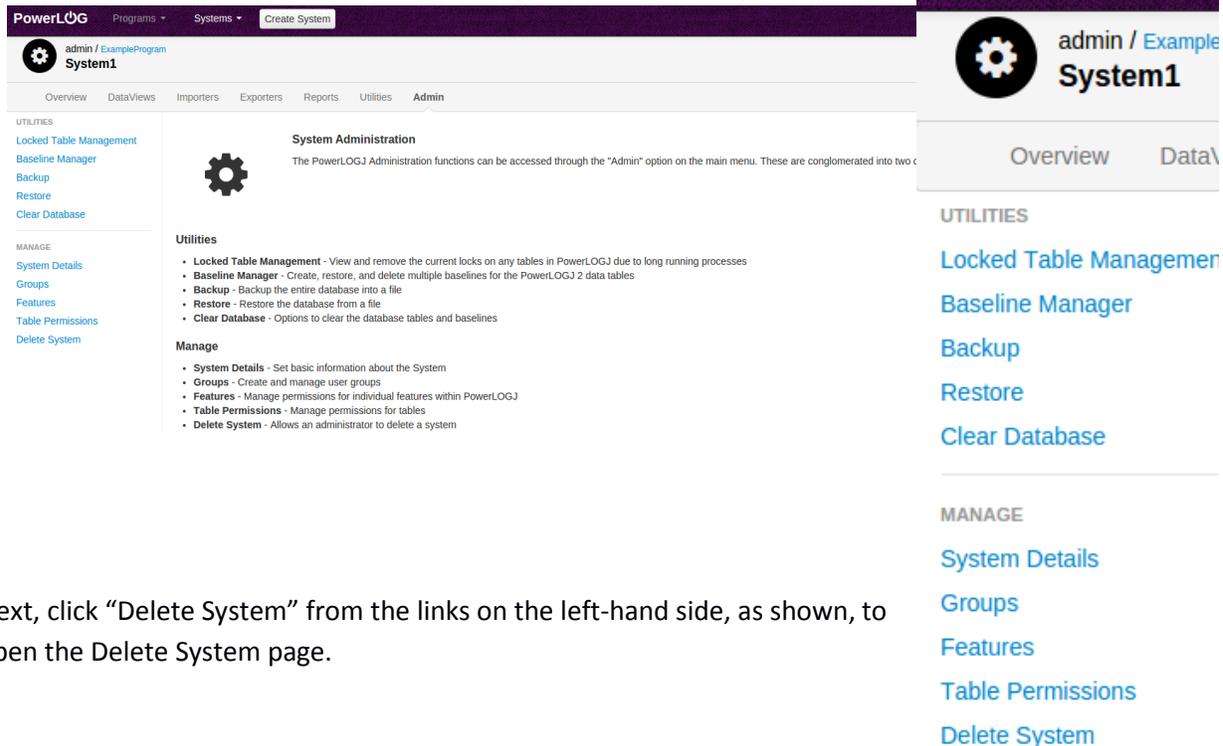
To delete a system in PowerLOGJ 2, click “System” on the PowerLOG tool bar to open a drop down menu. Click on the system you want to delete. For this example, we will delete the system we created in Section 4.1 named “System1,” as shown.



Once you have clicked on the system you want to delete, the System Overview page will be displayed, as shown below.

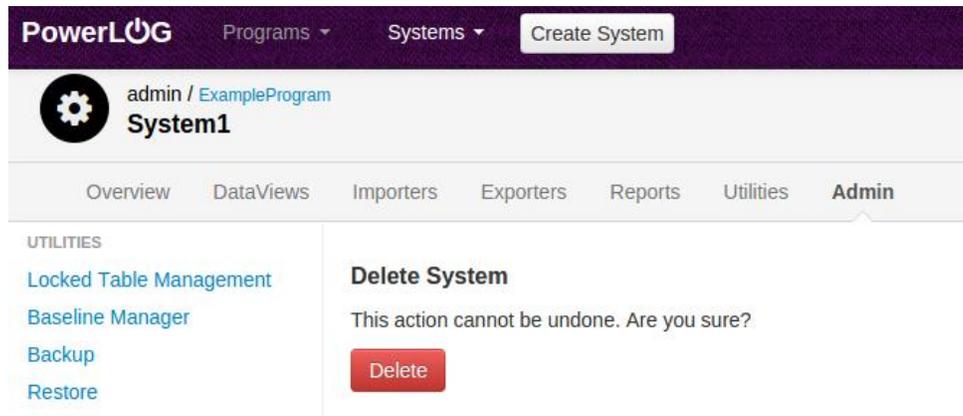


Next, click “Admin,” in the upper right-hand corner, to open the System Administration page, as shown below.



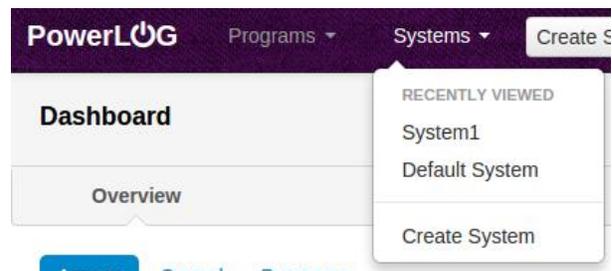
Next, click “Delete System” from the links on the left-hand side, as shown, to open the Delete System page.

Click “Delete,” as shown below, if you are sure you wish to delete the system. Once you have clicked “Delete,” this action cannot be undone and you will be directed back to the Dashboard.

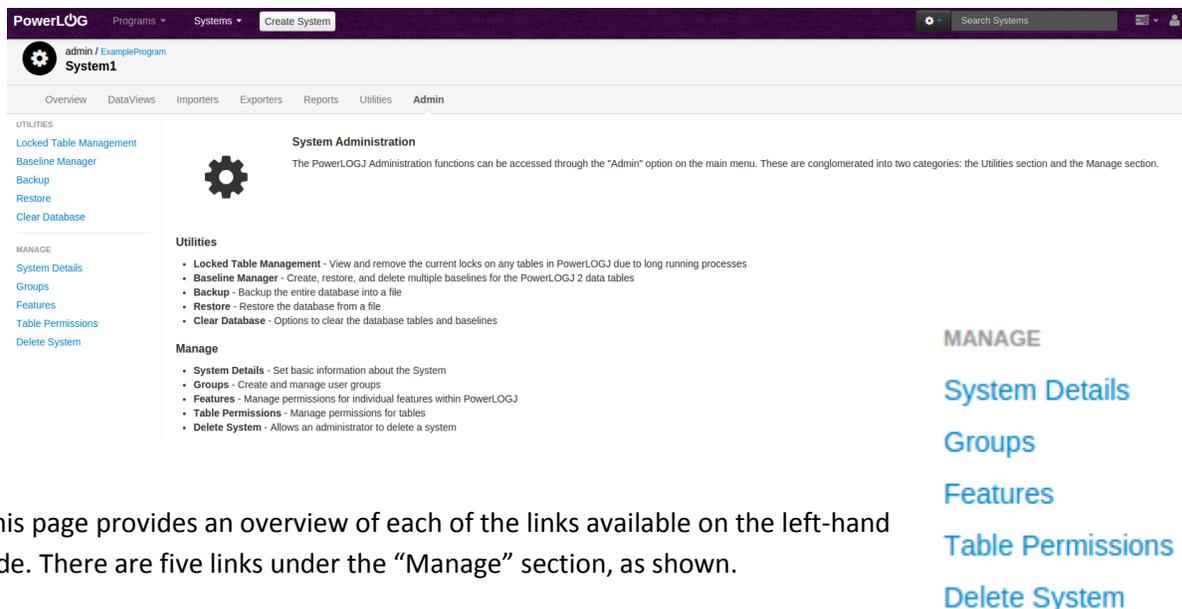


4.3 Manage System

To manage a system in PowerLOGJ 2, click “System” on the PowerLOG tool bar to open a drop down menu. Click on the system you wish to manage. For this example, we will manage the system we created in Section 4.2 named “System1,” as shown.



Once you have clicked on the desired system, the System Overview page will be displayed. In the upper-left hand corner, click “Admin” to open the Systems Administrator page, as shown below.



This page provides an overview of each of the links available on the left-hand side. There are five links under the “Manage” section, as shown.

4.3.1 System Details

To edit the System Details, click on “System Details” to open the System Details page. From here you can change a system's name, description, and owner, as shown below.

The screenshot shows the 'System Details' page in the PowerLOGJ interface. The page title is 'System1'. The main content area contains a form with the following fields:

- Name:** System1
- Description:** Description of System1
- Owner:** First Last (admin@admin.com)

A 'Save' button is located in the top right corner of the form area. The left sidebar shows navigation options under 'UTILITIES' (Locked Table Management, Baseline Manager, Backup, Restore, Clear Database) and 'MANAGE' (System Details, Groups, Features, Table Permissions, Delete System).

4.3.2 System Features

Features can be assigned to users under the program, under a specific system, or under a specific group within the system. To assign features to a user for a program, see Section 3.3. To assign features to a user for a specific system, continue reading this section. To assign features to a group within the system, continue reading or see Section 6.0 for an alternate method.

To assign features to a user for a specific system, click on “Features” to open the System Features page, as shown below.

The screenshot shows the 'Features' page in the PowerLOGJ interface. The page title is 'System1'. The main content area contains a table with the following data:

Name	Description
Super User	Special permission that gives permission to perform all actions
Administrator	Manage groups and permissions.
Audit - PowerLOGJ	PowerLOGJ Audit validates data to fit a customized MIL-STD-1388 2B standard.

The left sidebar shows navigation options under 'UTILITIES' and 'MANAGE'.

Click on any feature to add either users or groups. For this example, we will work with the “Administrator” feature. Once you have clicked on “Administrator,” the Administrator Feature page will be displayed, as shown below.

The screenshot shows the 'Features / Administrator' page in the PowerLOGJ interface. The page title is 'System1'. The main content area contains a form with the following elements:

- Users** (selected) and **Groups** tabs
- User** input field and **Add** button

Below the form is a table with the following columns:

User ID	Name & Email	Action
---------	--------------	--------

The left sidebar shows navigation options under 'UTILITIES' and 'MANAGE'.

From this page you can add a user by typing their name into the input field and selecting them from the drop down menu just as we did in Section 3.3.2. Follow the procedures given at the end of Section 3.3.2 to revoke a user's features.

Features / Administrator

Users Groups

Add

To give a group this feature, click on the "Group" tab, as shown.

Click on the arrow in the text input to open a drop down menu. Select the desired group you want to have this feature, as shown. Click "Add."

Features / Administrator

Users Groups

Add

Group1

Repeat the process to add additional groups. To revoke this feature from a group, follow the procedures provided in Section 3.3.

4.3.3 Additional Manage System Options

For information about the "Groups" link, see Section 6.0.

For information about the "Table Permissions" link, see Section 7.0.

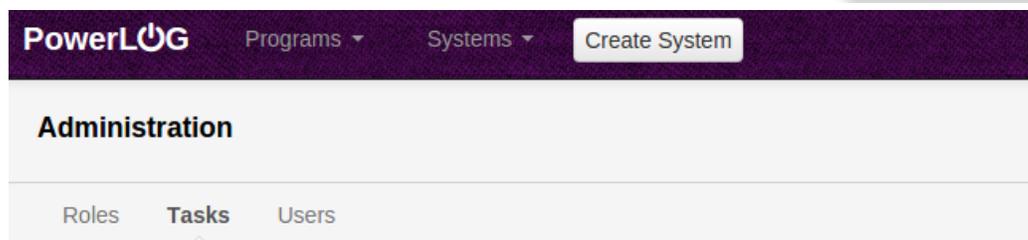
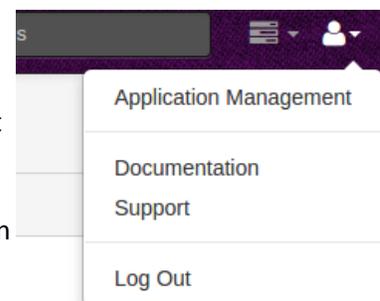
For information about the "Delete System" link, see Section 4.2.

5.0 Users

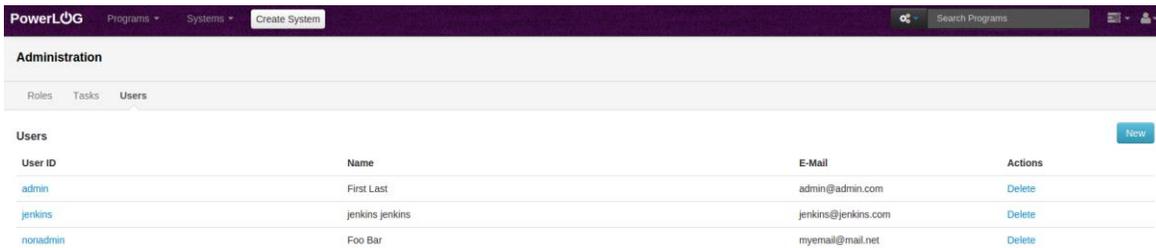
5.1 Create User

To create a PowerLogJ 2 user, click the "Person" icon located on the PowerLOG tool bar in the upper right-hand corner of the browser. Select "Application Management" from the drop down menu, as shown.

Once you have clicked on "Application Management," the Administration page will be displayed, as shown below.



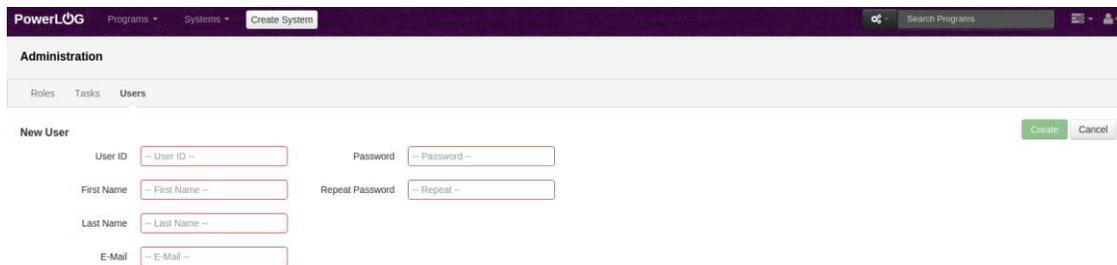
Click “Users” to open the Users page, as shown below. You will be able to see current users as well as manage users from this page.



The screenshot shows the PowerLOGJ Administration interface. The 'Users' tab is selected. A table lists the following users:

User ID	Name	E-Mail	Actions
admin	First Last	admin@admin.com	Delete
jenkins	jenkins jenkins	jenkins@jenkins.com	Delete
nonadmin	Foo Bar	myemail@mail.net	Delete

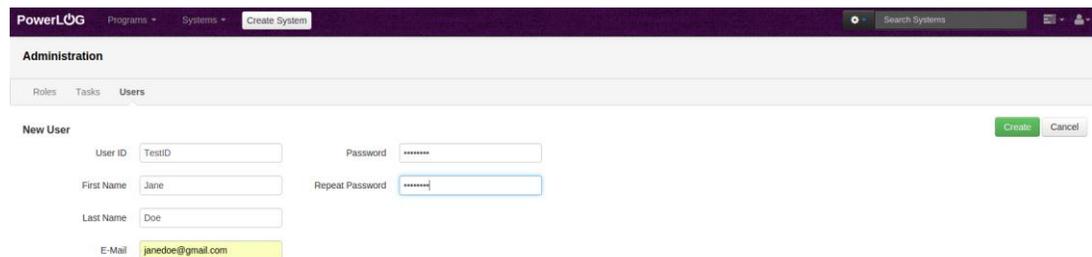
To create a new user, click “New” in the upper right-hand corner. This will open the New User page, as shown below. Input the required information, outlined in red, and click “Create.”



The screenshot shows the 'New User' form in the PowerLOGJ Administration interface. The form fields are outlined in red, indicating they are required for user creation:

- User ID: -- User ID --
- First Name: -- First Name --
- Last Name: -- Last Name --
- E-Mail: -- E-Mail --
- Password: -- Password --
- Repeat Password: -- Repeat --

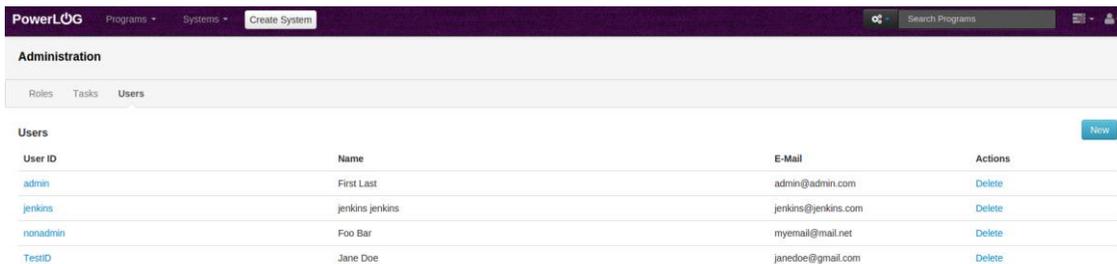
For this example, we will create the user with the following respective information: “TestID” “Jane” “Doe” “janedoe@gmail.com” “Password” “Password”, as shown below. Click “Create,”



The screenshot shows the 'New User' form with the following information entered:

- User ID: TestID
- First Name: Jane
- Last Name: Doe
- E-Mail: janedoe@gmail.com
- Password: Password (masked with asterisks)
- Repeat Password: Password (masked with asterisks)

Once you have clicked “Create,” you will have made a new user and be redirected to the Users page, as shown below.

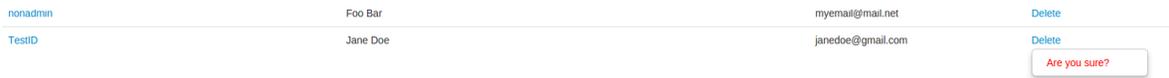


The screenshot shows the PowerLOGJ Administration interface with the 'Users' tab selected. The table now includes the newly created user:

User ID	Name	E-Mail	Actions
admin	First Last	admin@admin.com	Delete
jenkins	jenkins jenkins	jenkins@jenkins.com	Delete
nonadmin	Foo Bar	myemail@mail.net	Delete
TestID	Jane Doe	janedoe@gmail.com	Delete

5.2 Delete User

To delete a user, click “Delete” out beside the user you wish to delete. For this example, we will delete the user Jane Doe that we just created. Next, click “Are you sure?” if you are sure you want to delete the user, as shown below. If you do not want to delete the user, click elsewhere on the screen.

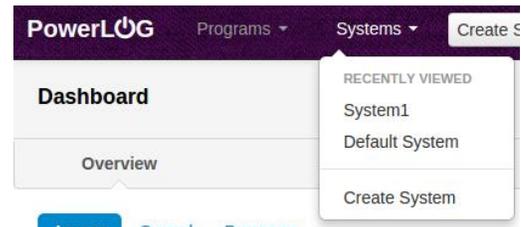


Once you have clicked “Are you sure?”, the user will be deleted and you will remain on the User page.

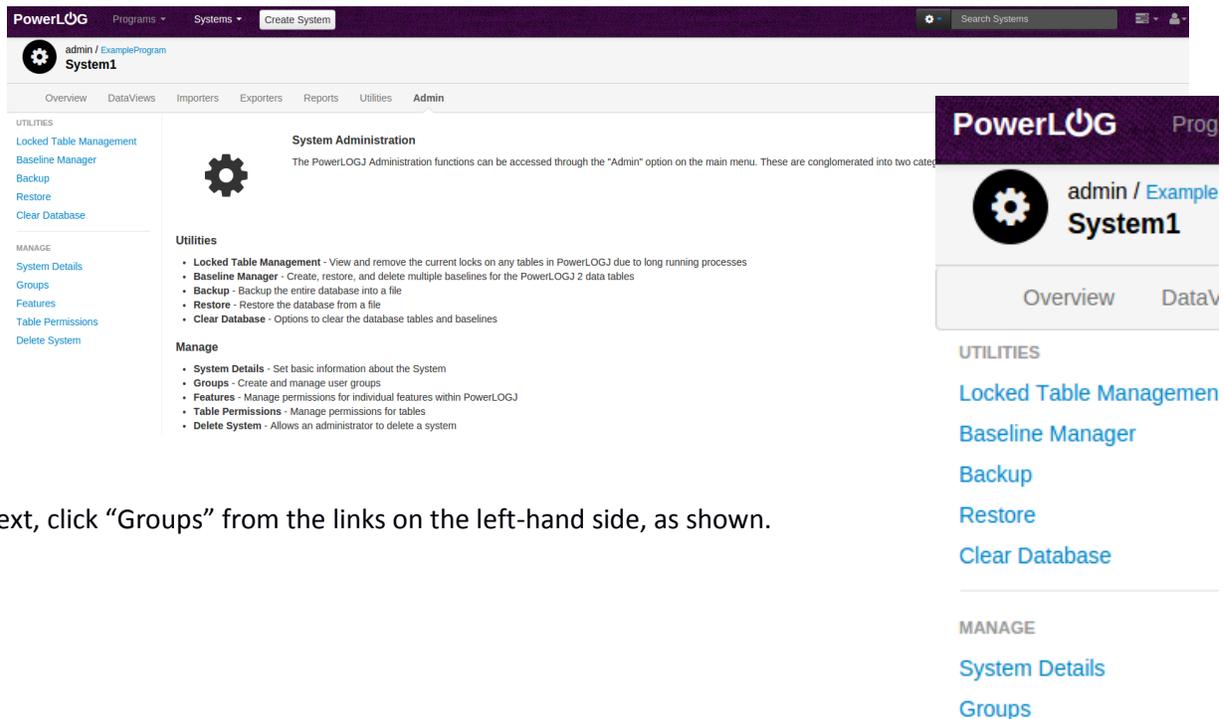
6.0 Groups

6.1 Create Group

To create a new group in PowerLOGJ 2, click “System” on the PowerLOG tool bar to open a drop down menu. Click on the system you want to work with. For this example, we will view the system we created in Section 4.1 named “System1,” as shown.

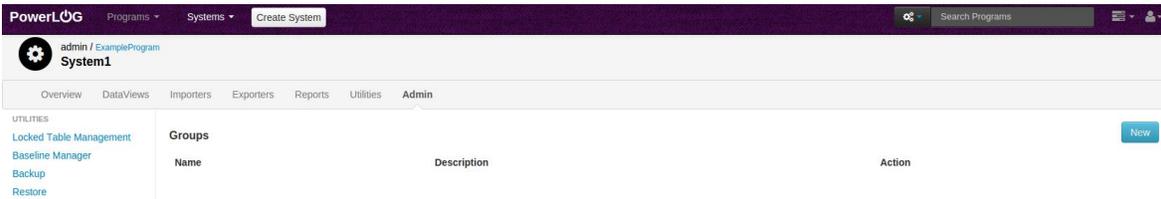


Once you have clicked on the system you want to work with, the System Overview page will be displayed. In the upper right-hand corner, click “Admin” to open the System Administration page, as shown below.

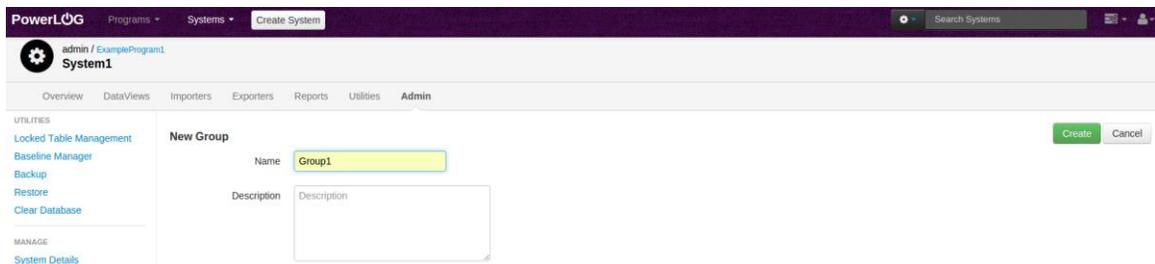


Next, click “Groups” from the links on the left-hand side, as shown.

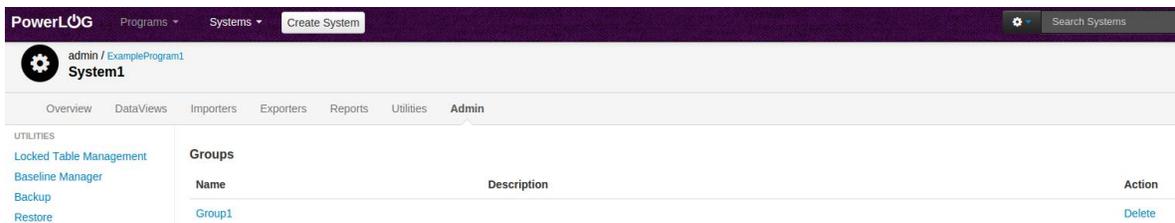
Once you have clicked “Groups,” the Groups page will be displayed, as shown below. To create a new group, click “New” in the upper-right hand corner.



Once you have clicked “New,” the Create Group page will be displayed, as shown below. Input the required information, outlined in red. For this example, we will create the group “Group1”. Click “Create.”



Once you have clicked “Create,” the Groups page will be displayed, as shown below.



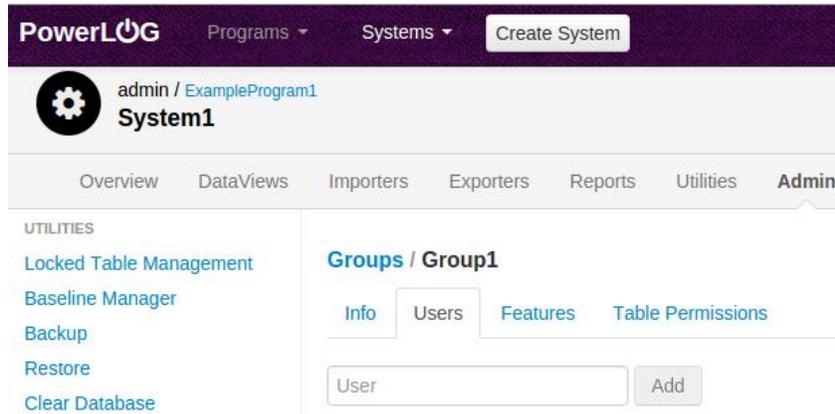
6.2 Delete Group

To delete a group, click “Delete” out beside the desired group on the Groups page. For this example, we will delete the group “Group1.” Next, click “Are you sure?” if you are sure you want to delete the group, as shown below. If you do not want to delete the group, click elsewhere on the screen.

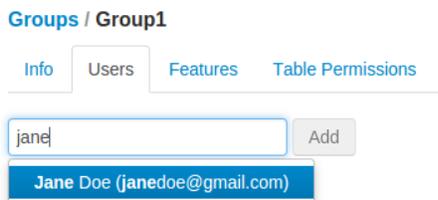


6.3 Assign Users to Group

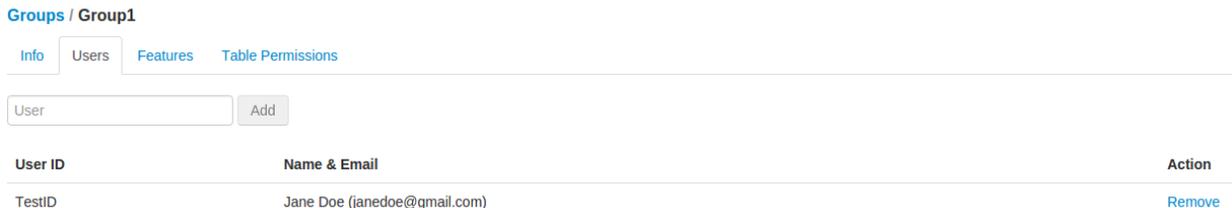
To assign a user to a group, click on the group you wish to add users to. This will open the to the “Users” tab for that particular group's page, as shown below. For this example, we will add users to the group we created in Section 6.1, “Group1”.



To add a user to the group, type in their name and select it from the drop down menu. For this example, we will add the user Jane Doe that we created in Section 5.0, as shown.



Once you have clicked on the desired user, click “Add.” You will then be able to see this user in the list of users within the group, as shown below.

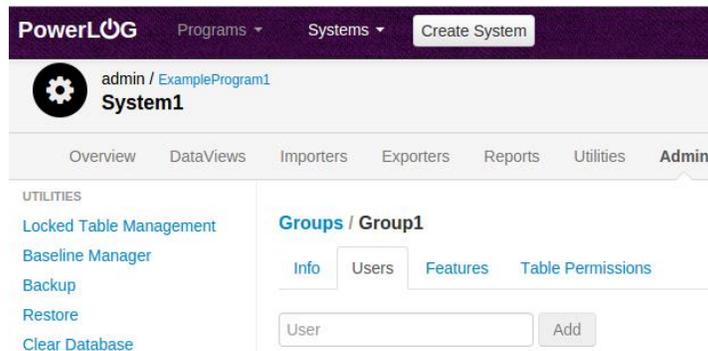


To remove the user from the group, click “Remove” out beside the desired use. Next, click “Are you sure?” if you are sure you want to remove the user, as shown below. If you do not want to remove the user, click elsewhere on the screen.



6.4 Assign Features or Table Permissions to Group

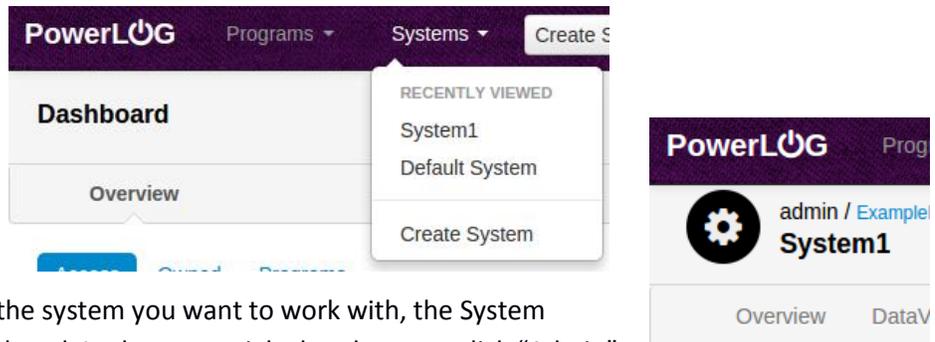
To add features and/or table permissions to the group, click on the respective tab on the Groups page, as shown below. Use the instructions provided in Section 6.3 as a guideline on how to add/remove either Features or Table Permission. For more information on table permissions, see Section 7.1.



7.0 Table Permissions

7.1 Create Table Permissions

To create a new table permission in PowerLOGJ 2, click “System” on the PowerLOG tool bar to open a drop down menu. Click on the system you want to work with. For this example, we will view the system we created in Section 4.1 named “System1,” as shown below.

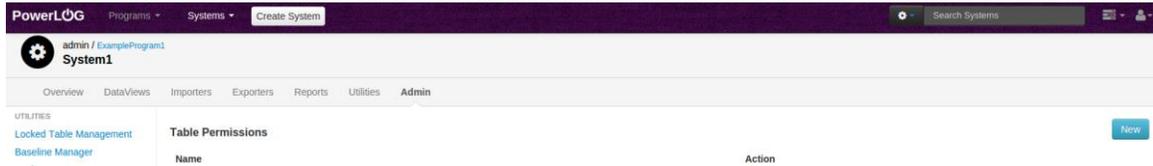


Once you have clicked on the system you want to work with, the System Overview page will be displayed. In the upper right-hand corner, click “Admin” to open the System Administration page, as shown below.



Next, click “Table Permissions” from the links on the left-hand side, as shown, to open the Table Permissions page.

To create a new table permissions, click “New” in the upper right-hand corner, as shown below.

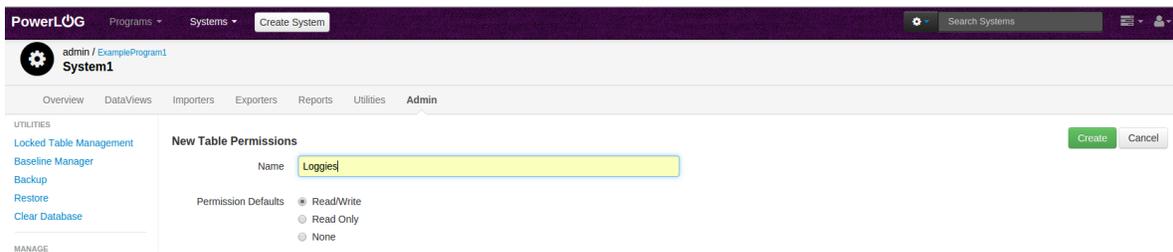


Once you have clicked “New,” the Create Table Permissions page will be displayed. Input the required information, outlined in red, as shown below. Additionally, you need to select a permissions default: “Read/Write,” “Read Only,” or “None.” For this example, we will create the table permission “Loggies” and assign the default permission “Read/Write,” as shown below. Click “Create.”

Selecting “Read/Write” will auto allow all users within the group to the view and edit all tables.

Selecting “Read Only” will auto allow all users within the group to only view all tables.

Selecting “None” will make it so that all users within the group cannot view or edit any tables.



Once you have clicked “Create,” the Groups Table Permissions page will be displayed. Click on the table permission “Loggies” that you created to assign it to a group, as show below.

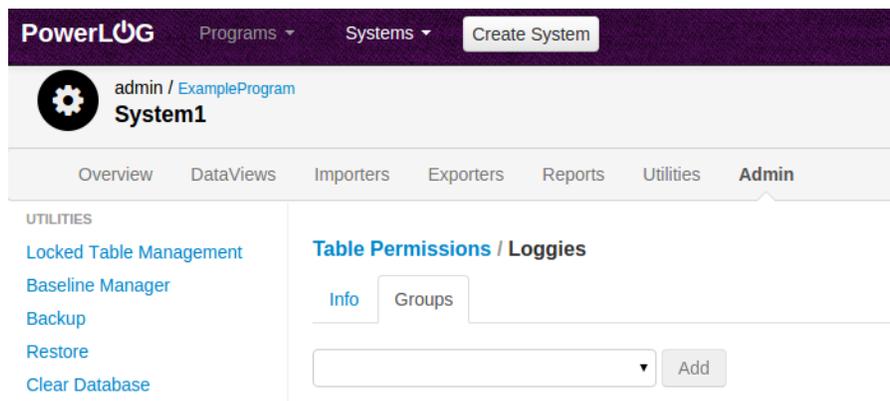


Table Permissions / Loggies



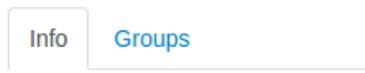
Click on the arrow to open a drop down menu. Select the group you want to add to the table permissions “Loggies,” as shown, and click “Add.” For this example, we will add the group “Group1” we created in Section 6.1.

Once you have clicked “Add,” the group will be visible on the page. If desired, you can add multiple groups to a table permission by repeating the aforementioned processes.

To remove a group from a table permission, click “Remove” out beside the desired group. Next, click “Are you sure?” if you are sure you want to remove the group, as shown below. If you do not want to remove the group, click elsewhere on the screen.

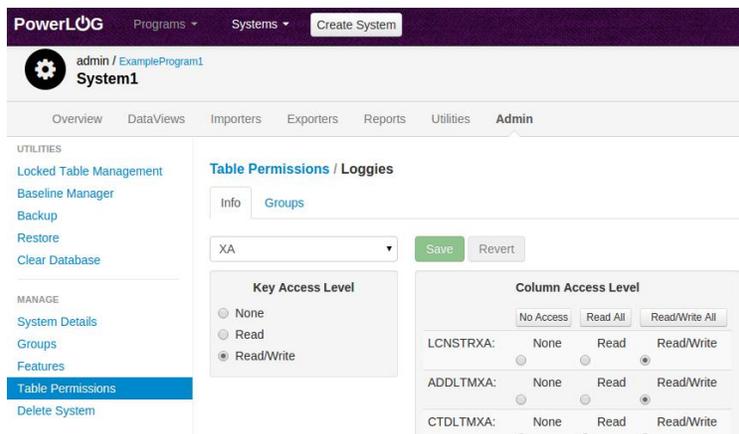


Table Permissions / Loggies



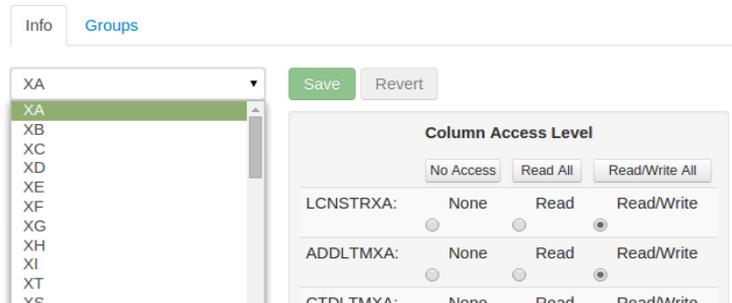
Once you have added all desired groups to the table permission, click “Info” to manage permissions for specific tables and subtables, as shown.

Once you have clicked “Info,” the Info Table Permissions page will be displayed, as shown below.



From here, use the arrow in the text field box to open a drop down menu of tables, as shown below.

Table Permissions / Loggies



For each table, you can select specific permissions by either clicking “No Access,” “Read All,” or “Read/Write All” buttons at the top of the Column Access Level box to alter permissions for the entire table or you can select a specific permissions for specific subtables by clicking within the desired bubble, as shown below. Click “Save” for each table that you make changes to.

Save Revert

Column Access Level

No Access Read All Read/Write All

LCNSTRXA:	None <input type="radio"/>	Read <input type="radio"/>	Read/Write <input checked="" type="radio"/>
ADDLTMXA:	None <input type="radio"/>	Read <input type="radio"/>	Read/Write <input checked="" type="radio"/>
CTDLTMXA:	None <input type="radio"/>	Read <input type="radio"/>	Read/Write <input checked="" type="radio"/>

PowerLOG Prog

 admin / Example
System1

Overview DataV

UTILITIES

- [Locked Table Management](#)
- [Baseline Manager](#)
- [Backup](#)
- [Restore](#)
- [Clear Database](#)

MANAGE

- [System Details](#)
- [Groups](#)
- [Features](#)
- [Table Permissions](#)
- [Delete System](#)

7.2 Remove Table Permissions

To remove a table permission, click “Table Permissions” from the links on the left-hand side, as shown.

Once you have clicked on “Table Permissions,” the Table Permissions page will be displayed. To remove a table permission, click “Remove” out beside the respective table permission. Next, click “Are you sure?” if you are sure you want to remove the table permission, as shown below. If you do not want to remove the table permission, click elsewhere on the screen.

Table Permissions

Name	Action
Loggies	Remove

[Are you sure?](#)

8.0 Basic Settings for a Logistician's User Account

Several settings need to be put in place for a non-admin user to be able to use PowerLOGJ and see data. The following instructions are the bare minimum requirements. The Administrator can modify these settings to narrow a user's abilities; however, **the following settings have no restrictions installed other than it being a non-admin account**. Be advised, there are multiple ways to go about the following instructions and numerous configuration combinations; nonetheless, the following instructions will allow a non-admin user to begin working in PowerLOGJ.

1. Create a user
Example: "John Smith" *See Section 5.1.*
2. Create a group within a system
Example: "Logisticians" *See Section 6.1.*
3. Add the user to the group
Example: Assign "John Smith" to "Logisticians" *See Section 6.3.*
4. Assign the feature of super user to the group
Example: Assign "Super User" to "Logisticians" *See Sections 6.3 and 6.4.*
5. Create a table permission
Example: "All Permissions" *See Section 7.1.*
6. Assign the table permission to the group
Example: Assign "All Permissions" to "Logisticians" *See Section 7.1.*